OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1893.

# BOUND TO SMOKE THEM OUT

Members of the House Will Not Knowingly Tolerate Boodlers.

ANOTHER INVESTIGATION IS ORDERED

Actions of Men Accused of Trying to Market Their Votes and Inflaence Will Be Searchingty Looked Into-What is Expected.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 17 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ] - There is to be another investigation.

Several of the members of the house have made up their minds that the charges of bribery and soliciting pribes in connection with the insurance bills are getting altogether to thick, and inasmuch as there are several affidavits in existence regarding the manner in which certain members have approached insurance men and demanded money to influence their action on bills in which the insurance men are interested, it is proposed to turn another committee loose with full power to send for persons and

The bomb was fired just before adjournment this evening, and the resolution calling for the investigation was adopted with a whoop. The committee will probably be appointed tomorrow.

The charge that Sheridan endeavored to hold up a representative of an insurance company will be one of the features investigated, and another to the effect that Kruse, chairman of the insurance committee, demanded money to report favorably on house rell No. 356, an anti-rebate bill, will also be thrown under the rays of the search light, The story is that Kruse named his price, and the proposition being favorably received, agreed to see that the report was favorable to the passage of the bill. It is further stated that the money was not forthcoming, and an anfavorable report was submitted. Affidavits have been secured that will make some mighty interesting reading when they are given to the public, and will also prove an eye-epener to the investigating committee when it gets down to business.

Held Back by Kruse. The house committee on cities and towns would have submitted a favorable report on the Omaha charter bill this evening but for one thing, and that was the opposition of Kruse, who is a member of the committee. He suddenly evinced an inclination to go through the bill very carefully, and insisted that inasmuch as there were several interests involved, paving, Board of Public Works, and things of that kind, the bill must be considered by sections in the committee. This was very much of a disappointment to the Douglas county delegation, the members of which were assured if they could agree upon the matter, the committee would report as requested. The other members of the committee were willing to do as had been previously agreed upon, but Kruse was relentless, and the report had to be deferred. That is why nothing was heard in the house on this point

tonight before adjournment. Laid it Against Goss.

As a member of the Douglas delegation, Gass was present this evening. The resolution calling for an investigation on the insurnace company matter had been prepared before that time, and was even then waiting for introduction, but as it was not publicly heard of until afterward, Kruse assumed to believe that it was introduced for the purpose of driving him into line on the question of the Omaha charter. Some of his friends made assertions of this kind this evening, and this is one of the reasons that they are arguing why Goss should not be allowed to be the chairman of the investigating committee. This appointment is being fought, and a desperate effort is being made to secure "he appointment of a committee that will not go to the bottom of the matters and will return a whitewashing report. Kruse hold a conference with Goss at the Lindell this evening to ascertain why the investigating resolution was introduced. He was told that the resolution was introduced in good faith and that if Goss was placed on the committee ha would do his duty without fear or favor, and that if there was anything behind the charges it would be disclosed if it lay within

the power of the committee to get at it. Kruse immediately made a straight shoot for the room of Speaker Gaffin, and an independent who witnessed the operation expressed the belief that it was for the purpose of thying to influence the appointment of the committee and to keep Goss off of it. Whether or not Kruse is trying to effect that end, certain it is that some of his frien is are working for that very thing.

Sternsdorff Stands Pat.

Ex-Representative Sternsdorff stands squarely by the statement made in the presence of The Bee representative regarding the efforts of Sheridan to secure a price on the insurance bill, and publicly asserted the truth of it this evening in the presence of a number of prominent gentiemen. He makes a clear and concise statement of the matter, and a number of his friends have interested themselves in the case, and propose to see it pashed through to the end. The resolution introduced this afternoon

names only house roll No. 287, but as there are two other bills. Nos. 356 and 499, and there was more skullduggery practiced on them than on the other, it is probable that the resolution will be anended in the morning

A little incident that occurred in the cloak com yesterday may not be out of place here. Before the attempt was made to re-onsider the Omaha club bill, a canvass was made among the members and sixty-seven of them premised to support the move. Among the number was Kruse, but when the move was made he was the first to raise a point of order, and largest order of the objection, the effort was unsuccessful. Soon afterward kruse was in the barber chair in the clock room when one of the members of the Douglas delication happened along and the Douglas delication what he thought of proceeded to tell Kruse what he thought of

his action.

Kruse stood it for a short time and when

RPuse stood it for a short time and when he thought that the opinion expressed was too uncomplimentary he remarked:

"I'll see you when I get out of this chair."

"I don't want to see you or talk with you either," was the retort of the Omaha man.

"All the trouble with you on that bill was that you was not seen before it came up. If you had been you would not have raised any objection to it."

An action of the house this growing that

An action of the house this evening that will be appreciated by the people of the state was the passage of the anti-circurcite bill, that prohibits the manufacture or sale

#### of the nexious goods in this state Skies Are Not So Clear.

The people of the state are taking a hand in the impeachment matter, as is evidenced by the manner in which the letters and teleby the manner in which the letters and tele-grams are positing in upon members of the legislature from their constituents, demand-ing that they stand up and be counted, and that the dishenest and untrastworthy offi-cials be removed from office because of their faithle succes to the trust reposed in tham. The reaction from the diarracting excite-tant of vestering in absolute service in and ment of yester by is already setting in, and i.s office is to sailly insettle the confidence of the state house collusionists and their

pleasing and picturesque than it was last night, and the corruptionists are again wondering what a day may bring forth. The kaleldoscope is in a very unsettled condition. The railroaders are now crowding harder than ever for a final adjournment a week from tomorrow night, but it is long from being sure that they will be successful, as the house is determined to see certain legislation enacted before the legislature adjourns sine die, and the weather is not such as to cause the farmer members much uncesiness. There is more talk than ever about the advisability of taking a recess instead of an adjournment, in order that investigations may be pushed more vigorously, and that by such an arrangement the opposition will be unable to crowd in 50 much objectionable legislation during the last few hours of the session.

Kearney Items of News. KEARNEY, Neb., March 17,-|Special to THE BEE, |-J. A. Osborn was thrown from his horse and had his shoulder dislocated, while out hunting Sanday.

Caleb Shreve, who fell from a scaffolding and broke his leg a few weeks ago, will soon

A. J. Chidister has invented a process for heating wagen and buggy tires by gaseline, before being welded, and has made applica-

Twenty years ago when councilman James Twenty years ago when councilman James
O'Kane was in Lincoln he bought a lot near
where the B. & M. depot is now located.
He had his deed recorded and paid taxes on
it for three years. Hard times coming on
and he having a bome to pay for in Kearney,
he was compelled to allow the taxes to become delinquent. A few days ago he was in come definquent. A few days ago he was in Lincoln and remembering about this old lot thought he would see what had become of it. To his surprise and great joy he found that the lot had never been bought in at tax sale and was still in his name. He imme-diately paid the delinquent taxes and now has a valuable lot free from all incumbrance.

Repairing Dodge County Bridges.

FREMONT, Neb., March 17. - Special to THE BEE.]-The Board of Supervisors while in session yesterday let the contract for the rebuilding of the Platte river bridge at this place to the Milwaukee Bridge and Iron company and the rebuilding of the bridge across the Platte at North Bend to the King Bridge company. The supervisors at Hooper and Cromwell were each given in-structions to have the bridges at their places repaired at once. The cost of repair-ing the above bridges in Dodge county is

estimated at \$9,000.

NIOBRARA, Neb., March 17.—[Special to Tue Ber.]—The large bridge spanning the Niobrara river at this point, which was par-tially taken out by ice and water last week, will be replaced during the season. In the meantime a free flat boat ferry will be used, and when the ice goes entirely out the chan-nel of the river will be changed so as to go under the part of the bridge that is saved and a roadway made across the river bed, which will be practically dry, to the west

Hastings, Neb., March 17.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-The citizens caucus held in Dutton hall this evening made nominations as follows: Police tudge. Aaron Powers by 41 votes to W. S. McKinney's 31; councilman, First ward, T. P. Hogan; Second, M. Stern; Third, E. S. Fowler; Fourth, W. F. Buchanan; school board, J. N. Clarke, V. B. Trimble, E. E. Ferris, C. E. Apgar, Norman Coleman and M. Ferguson.
The prohibitionists of Hastings intend to

keep the ball rolling and tomorrow night will put up a ticket to lead a forlorn hope. Of the citizens ticket nominations for the school board those of Ferris and Clarke are endorsements of the republican ticket.

Sioux Indian Band at the Pair.

NIOBRARA, Neb., March 17 .- [Special to THE BEE. |- Prof. J. F. Lenger and two Santoe Indians have been sum World's fair musical committee at Chicago for the purpose of arranging for the appearice at the fair of the Sioux Indian band, the only American band in the world," of which Mr. Lenger is the founder. They will leave

This band has played at the Sioux City Corn Palace and last fall at the Corn Belt exposi-tion at Mitchell, S. D. The members dress in wild Indian costume, have wild Indian whistles and other rude instruments, and their playing on modern instruments and rendition of civilized music is very good.

Table Rock News Notes.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., March 17 .- [Special to THE BEE |-The cold wave wound up yesterday morning with a hard snow storm. This will stop for a day or two the work of putting in the new brick kilns of Mr. Catten. vhich was begun a few days ago. The Table Rock Brick company has elected John R. Sutton manager, and he will get to work in April if the weather permits. In the meantime the machinery is being put in

There are certain pretty definite rumors affoat that the Buckstaff company of Lin-coln is weighing the matter of removing its

brick works to this place.

Object to the Rates. NORTOLK, Neb., March 17 .- [Special to THE BEE. ]-A company is being organized in this city for the purpose of erecting a second electric light and power plant. The citizens of this place have long felt the need of better lighting facilities. They think they are pay g an exorbitant rate, the are lights costing from \$10 to \$12 per month and the incandes cent 16-candle power from 85 cents to \$1.40 per month. The new company proposes a much lower rate on each, and is meeting with great encouragement, having secured all of he largest subscribers of the city and many

Unstings Literary Societies,

Hastinos, Neb., March 17. - Special Tele gram to THE BRE. | - The Whittieran Liter ary society of Hastings college and the Young Men's Christian Association Literary ociety met in joint debate this evening. The Hawalian question was discussed, the latter favoring and the former opposing an-nexation. The debaters were Judge J. B. Cessin and Attorney Bedford Brown for the Young Men's Christian Association society and George Norton and R. A. Patterson for Whittierans. The decision of the judges was in favor of the college team.

BEATRICE, Neb., March 17.- [Special Tele gram to Tun Ban.]-The reports of four of the city banks at the close of business for March 46, published this evening, make a \$150,062.07 in undivided surplus and profits. The banks included in the statement are the First National, Beatrice National, German National and Beatrice Savings. The other four banks, including the Nebraska National, Union Savings, American and the Farmers and Merchants State bank, will bring the

Death of a Nebraska Pinneer. CHAPMAN, Neb., March 17 .- [Special to THE BEE | John L. Martin, one of Nebraska's pioneers, fell dead Wednesday Mr. Martin has been for more than thirty years a resident of Merrick county, during which time he has filled many prominent aces, among others county ladge, and con-quously squire or justice of the peace for Chapman township. He owned a fine farm, well stocked, two and a half miles south of His age was 80 years. He leaves a

Crete Republicans in Convention. CHEVE, Neb., March 17.- Special Telegram to Tun Ben !- The republican city caucus was held this afternoon at the city rall. The following were nominated: Mayor, E. D. Fay; elecit, W. Lovett; treasurer, J. O. Goodwin; police indge, vacant; engineer, Prof. Brown of Doane college; school board, C. C. White and T. H. Miller; councilmen—First ward, G. W. Baldwin; Second, James Grosscup; Third, Andrew Smith. The democrats caucus will be held

### APPOINTMENT OF SENATORS

Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections Will Discuss the Case.

BOTH SIDES DESIRE A PRECEDENT SET

Right of Beckwith, Alien and Mantle to Hold Seats Questioned by Some of the Committee-Party Lines Will Not Be Drawn.

Washington, D. C., March 17.—The first of the reorganized committees of the senate to get to work was that on privileges and elections, which held a session this morning. The only cases discussed-and that, too, in an informal manner-were those of Mr. Mantle and Mr. Beckwith appointed by the governors of Montana and Wyoming, respec-

Both of the men came to the senate bearing certificates of appointment signed by the governors of their states. The question before the committee was whether, it being the beginning of a full term and the legislature having refused to elect, the certificates were valid, and whether the governor was authorized to appoint under that clause of the constitution which says, "If vacancies happen by reason of resignation or other-wise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then

Mr. Allen's Case. The conditions in the case of Mr. Allen of Washington, whose credentials have not yet arrived, are somewhat different. When the term of his predecessor expired the legisla-ture was still in session and did not adjourn until the 10th of March. There was a vacancy in this case which it could have filled, but did not, and after the legislature adjourned the appointment was made. In the other cases, the law required the legislature to anticipate the known vacancy and elect. The result appears to be the same in all three cases, and it is probable that it will be considered from the same basis.

The committee is divided on the question, and the division is not drawn according to party lines. There will probably be a majority and minority report, and this, it is thought, will be cause for a protracted debate, with the end in view of finally establishing a precedent that shall be the law of the senate. As the cases in question come before the senate, the present phase of the case has never been met by that body, and the desire of both sides seems to be to disose of such cases in a way that will give omething certain for the future.

The committee will meet Monday and the constors-elect will be permitted to come beore them and make such statements as they

#### HAWAIIAN COMMISSIONS.

Messis Castre and Thurston Leave Washington-Notes from the Capital. Washington, March 17. -Messrs. Castle and Thurston of the Hawaiian commission and Mr. Paul Neumann, the attorney for Queen Liliuokalani, left Washington tonight. Mr. Castle is enroute home. The others will await the outcome of Mr. Blount's visit to the Hawaiian islands before going home. The statement in New York papers today The statement in New York papers today that a petition numerously signed by prominent citizens against the consummation of the extradition treaty with Russia would be sent to Secretary of State Gresham was shown to the secretary this afternoon. He said he had not received the protest and in reply to a question as to whether it would avail anything said he thought not.

Attorney General Olivey today, amointed Attorney General Olney today am

the Department of Justice, vice E. C. Foster, view with Secretary Carlisle and Assistant Secretary Spaulding this morning on customs matters at the World's fair. He reports the arrangements for receiving exhibits at the World's fair grounds, examining and passing them, as in excellent shape. Already many

exhibits are being received. Secretary Carlisle has decided hereafter to devote Mondays to the exclusive consideration of public business demanding his

It is stated on good authority that the president has selected John H. Wise as col-lector of the port at San Frencisco and that

his nomination will go to the senate next

ENGLAND'S POSITION ON SILVER

Senator Teller Gives His Opinion on the Views of the Chancelior of the Exchequer. Washington, D. C., March 17.-Senator Teller was today asked for his opinion respecting the declaration of the chancellor of the exchequer in the House of Commons that the British delegates would be instructed to oppose every bimetallist scheme presented at the monetary conference. The enator said the declaration meant that Great Britain would absolutely oppose free comage of silver on terms of equality with gold. That was what she had always done, and nobody expected her to do any more at this time, but there was nothing in this posi-tion irreconcilable with the attainment of the object of the conference, namely, the tended use of silver as a money metal. act this was evidence to show that Great Britain really desired to do something in that direction. Her financiers realized the necessity for some palliative measure and something to prevent the further deprecia-ion of silver, which, if continued, must result in the total destruction of the present monetary system. If that occurred the future of silver would be assured, but nobody wished to adopt such a heroic measure to achieve the desired result. He had no doubt that England would be willing to support a reasonable proposition that was more prac-ticable than the Rothschild scheme.

### CLEVELAND AND THE SENATE.

He is Not Pleased with the Make-Up of Some of the Committees. Washington, D. C., March 17 .- A story

has been published to the effect that President Cleveland had inaugurated a big fight against the senate because of his displeasure on account of the manner in which the committees of that body have been organized It was said that Mr. Cleveland was very indignant because of Mr. Hill's assignment as member of the judiciary committee and Mr. Murphy's to the committee on com-merce, and that he had served notice on the senate that no nominations would be sent until these assignments were changed.

The story is incorrect. Mr. Cleveland might have been better pleased if the senate committees—for instance that on finance— had been organized differently, but he has not and does not intend to manifest any pleasure or disappointment he may Mr. Cleveland recognizes the fact that senate has a perfect right to organize its committees to suit itself and he has no desire Several senators whose attention was called to the published story unnaumously denied any knowledge of the alleged strained

relations between the senate and the presi-

Washington, D. C., March 17. - The domo ratic caucus committee resumed its labors this afternoon, the results to be reported to the full caucus on Tuesday. It is understood the subject of the reorganisation of the executive officers of the senate was not taken up, but that the committee has been discussing matters connected with the general po' icy of the party.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 17 .- The number of callers at the white house this morning was much smaller than usual, it being

cabinet day. The rush ended at about 11 o'clock, when Secretary Carilsle, the first member of the cabinet to put in an appearance, entered the mansion.

The cabinet was in session for about an hour and a half, although several of its members stayed behind for some time longer, discussing the affairs of the depart-ments with the president.

All of the members remembered that today was the 60th anniversary of the birth of the secretary of state, and did not fail to congratulate Mr. Gresham. Secretary of War Lamont suzgested that it would be the president's turn tomorrow to receive congratulations, as he will celebrate his 58th birthung on that day.

#### on that day. SEERING SERVICES.

People Who Have Cialms to Push Call on the President.

Washington, D. C., March 17,-Indiana nade the largest showing of force at the white house today, the congressional delegation escorting Governor Matthews and introducing him to the president. The governor, in passing through the city, called to pay his

respects.

The delegation however, seized the opportunity to make a few timely suggestions, and Representative Martin presented the name of Jerome Herff of Peru, ind., to be consulat Havana.

The name of Joshus Jump of Terre Haute

was presented for collector of internal revenue. "Joshua Jump," said the presirevenue. "Joshua Jump, said the president. "Umph! Well, Jump is a good name Representative Bynum entered S. W. Raiston for collector of internal revenue for the Seventh district.

Senator Palmer of Illinois introduced J. C. Donnelly of Woodstock, who wants to be United States marshal for the northern

district of Illinois.

Took a Woman's Revenge. Washington, D. C., March 17.-Mrs. Simon Nicolaides, the wife of the proprietor of a fashionable bric-a-brac store on F street in this city, with a branch at Saratoga, N. Y., turned that establishment into a scene of destruction about noon today. The affair caused considerable excitement, as it occarred at a time when that thoroughfare war crowded with ladies. The first intimation that any one had was when the front windows fell with a crash on the pavement. A crowd at once collected and the first on the scene found Mrs. Nicolaides in the window with a large \$309 vase in her hand de-stroying everything within her reach. She then jumped from the window and went through the aisles of the store, smashing all the cases and everything in them. The store was immediately closed and the police officers stationed outside of it. Mr. Nicol-aides disappeared after the trouble. Jealousy on his wife's part of one of his employes is assigned as the reason of the outbreak.

### BURGLARS AT HUMBOLDI.

Hardware Store Looted by a Gang of Traveling Thieves.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., March 17 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-Burglars entered the hardware store of Scott & Skalak Thursday might by prying open the front door. They helped themselves to gunz, knives and other articles, the exact amount of which is not known. No clew to the parties has been found, but it is a general opinion that the burglars reside in or about town.

They also entered Brandow's billiard hall by the back door, but nothing was missed, and it is thought they broke in there, mistaking it for a general store the next door.

Fine Residence Destroyed. HASTINGS, Neb., March 17 .- (Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-This evening the fine residence of C. F. McGrew, state bank examiner, on Briggs avenue between Fourth and Fifth streets, was discovered to be in flames. The fire department was called out and the spread of the flames prevented after considerable damage had been done by fire is something of a mystery, but a faulty fur-

nace was probably the cause. For Cruelty to Animals. BEATRICE, Neb., March 17 .- [Special Telegram to The Bee. |-District court adjourned tonight after a five weeks term. In the case of the state against Edward Ackerman and John Ackerman and Charles Scdoris for cruelty to animals, each of the defendants were fined \$5 and costs. Isaac W. Wright was taken to the penitentiary yesterday to serve a five-year sentence for ob

taining money under false pretenses. Small Biage at Fairbury. FAIRBURY, Neb., March 17-|Special to THE BEE.]-A building on E street owned by Mrs. S. E. Champlin, and occupied as general merchandise store by J. W. Cardiff, caught fire last night, but by hard work the flames were extinguished without much damage to the building. The stock was badly damaged by smoke and water

Loss on building about \$200; on stock, \$2,500, fully insured. Sunday School Workers. BEATRICE, Neb., March 17. - [Special Telegram to THE BEE | - The Gage county Sunday school convention met in this city last evening with a large attendance. S. Lynde, president of the association, occupied the chair. The session is devoted to the consideration of matters to advance the

efficiency of Sunday schools. The convention was concluded this evening. Result of Making Threats. Hastings, Neb., March 17.- Special Tele gram to The Bre | William Harrigan was last night committed to the county jail by a justice from Silver Lake township. Albert Reed, on March 14, made a complaint that

in default of bail the latter was commit to await the action of the district court. HENDERSON, Neb., March 17 .- Special to The Bee. |-Constable James Powers and Andrews Nactigal engaged in a controversy yesterday as a result of the latter interfer-ing in a fight between two dogs. The con-

Harrigan had threatened to take his life and

stable was fined \$5. Preparing for Decoration Day BEATRICE, Neb., March 17 .- [Special Telegram to THE BRE. ]-Rawlias post, Grand Army of the Republic, has secured the services of Hon. John M. Thurston to deliver

the memorial oration on Decoration day. TRIAL OF A GRAVE ROBBER.

Failure of an Iowa Jury to Convict at Des Moines DES MOINES, Ia., March 17. [Special Telegram to THE BEE ]-After an all night deliberation the jury in the case of J. W. O'Shaffer, charged with complicity in the recent grave robbery, reported this morning that it could not agree. The members were lischarged and a rehearing immediately be gun. The jury stood three for conviction and nine for acquittal, all the way through.

Slock City, Ia., March 17.—[Special Tele gram to THE BEE. ]- The Prohibition Enforcement league of South Dakota has called a convention at Huron to devise a tan for enforcing the prohibitory law in the arger towns of the state. The prohibitionists are encouraged over their success in de-feating the resubmission movement, and say they will enforce the law from this on.

OTTUMWA, Ia., March 17 .- (Special Telegrain to THE BEE. | - Mrs. Stephen Gray committed suicide at Eddyville by taking carbolic acid. There was a woman in the ase, with whom she alleged Gray had been

Movements of Ocean Steamers March 17. A Serious Loss to the Government. Last week M. Ferry resigned the presidency of the Estafette newspaper and the mesidency of the National Republican asso-At Fastnet-Passed-Bovic, from New At Kinsale-Passed-Philadelphia, from At Liverpool—Arrived—Sagamore, from Boston. distinct that he might devote himself cultirely only duties in the Senate. The general At New York-Arrived-Dresden, from

Jules Ferry, the Celebrated French Statesman, Passas Away.

BRIEF HISTORY OF A REMARKABLE MAN

His Services to His Country and the Part He Took in the Establishment of the Republic-The Closing

Scenes.

Pants, March 17.-Jules Francois Camille Ferry, the celebrated statesman, is dead. M. Ferry's death was caused by heart disease. The affection of the heart from which he suffered was due to the effects of a bullet striking a rib near the base of the heart at the time he was attacked by Aubertin in 1887. He was seized with spasms early in the morning and despite every effort made by the physicians, who were hastily sum-

was averse to the alliance with Russia and had an intense antipathy toward England. He would ponder over German maps and on the wrongs which France had sustained from England. Bismarck took advantage of his tendencies to foment his antipathy toward England."

Of M. Ferry's private life the News correspondent says: "His love for children was remarkable. No old grandma could have adapted herself with more charming grace to their ways. Like his wife, M. Ferry was an accomplished artist." moned, the convulsions continued to grow in violence until at 6 o'clock in the evening he expired in a terribly severe spasm. violence until at 6 o'clock in the evening he expired in a terribiy severe spasm.

Ferry was born April 15, 1832. He studied law and later became a journalist. He was elected to the corps legislatif in 1849 and was among the opponents of the war with Prussia. When war was declared he was made a member of the government of the national defense and was appointed secretary of the government. He risked his life to suppress the commune.

At the election of February 8, 1871, he was elected one of the representatives of the department of the Vosges, and thereupon he resigned his functions as a member of the Government of the Department of the Scine, although he retained the latter office provisionally until the 18th of March. After the second siege and the entry of the troops into Paris, M. Thiers nominated him prefect of the Seine, but the appointment gave rise to so much hostile criticism M. Ferry resigned after ten days. Subsequently it was understood that M. Ferry yould be sent as ambaissador to Washington, but the proposed appointment was so unpopular that it was never officially annuaged.

but the proposed appointment was so unpopular that it was never officially announced. He was, however, sent as minister to Athens. After holding that appointment for a year he resigned it, and resumed his place in the ranks of the republican left, of which he became president. He wa of which he became president. He was elected a member of the council general of the Vosges in 1871, and for some time he was president of that body. After the resignation of Marshal MacMahou (January 30, 1879), M. Ferry was appointed by the new president, M. Grevy, to a seat in his cabinet as minister of public instruction and fine arts. Differences arose when M. Ferry propert forward his education hill the Ferry brought forward his education bill, the seventh clause of which prohibited mem-bers of "unauthorized religious communities" bers of "unauthorized religious communities" (meaning especially the Jesuits) from teaching or managing schools. The measure was carried by a large majority of the Chamber of Deputies but in the Senate a strong party succeeded in throwing out the clause in question. The ministery pocceded, however, to effect its purpose by decrees founded on laws that had fallen into disuse, and the prescription of the order was proclaimed. The expulsion of the Jesuits was carried out, but three cabinet ministers resigned because

for the defense this morning. He claimed that his client did not know the use to which Baron de Reinach put the money paid him by the Panama Canal company.

M. Barboux, in concluding his address, in behalf of Charles de Lesseps, said that from the outset of the trial the country had looked upon it, less for its value than as a symptom of French public life. All these men wore the harness of office, and not alone those accused here, but others, also, might have but three cabinet ministers resigned because the decrees were not being enforced against the decrees were not being enforced against the other unauthorized organizations. These secessions upset the ministry (September 19, 1880). After some delay M. Ferry formed a cabinet and the decrees against the orders were then carried out. On Novem-ber 10, 1881. M. Ferry's ministry resigned In February, 1883, however, after the fall of the Fallieres administration, M. Ferry was sent for by the president of the republic to form a new ministry. This he did he been prosecuted in order to satisfy public "Why," exclaimed M. Barboux, "were the Rouviers and the Vanets let go! Doubtless because it would have been dangerous to to form a new ministry. This he did, he himself becoming premier and minister of public instruction. As such, leaving the religious question to settle itself, M. Ferry started upon a policy of

last evening he was determined to go to

Senator Loirrer's ball. Eventually I persuaded him to remain at home. I knew that

to remain in a crowded ball room would ag-gravate his trouble, and, although he said he felt better than at any time in the last

week, he admitted t'at his health needed

tion that he could talk but little.

that he was suffocating.

pamless.

made such an impressio

he began struggling for breath. He sprang from his chair with sudden energy and paced

the room, calling for air and complaining

When the End Came.

This sudden rally was followed by another sinking turn. M. Ferry lay in his chair with his eyes closed, too weak to speak with

with his eyes closed, too weak to speak with his wife or his brother. Charles Shortly after noon he again called repeatedly for air, left his chair and walked rapidly up and down the room. This effort was followed by a sinking spell. These alterations of rallying and sinking continued until 5 o'clock, when he raised himself in his seat, looked at his wife fixedly everlained. "Save me." and fell bace exceptions of the seat of the seat

exclaimed, "Save me," and fell back ex-causted. His struggle for breath became

agonizing and the physicians injected mor-

shine to relieve him. After a few unintelligi-de words he fell into a state of coma, which

ended in death. He died in the arm chair in which, for years, he had done all his writing

and reading. All the members of his family and Mme. Flouquet were beside him to the last. His last few minutes apparently were

The news of M. Ferry's death astounded he city. None since Gambetti's death has

luring the evening and inscribed their

names in the visitors book. The extra newspaper editions got out immediately after the announcement of the death are

still selling everywhere in enormous numbers.

and yesterday he presided over the Se Hundreds of politicians called at the

for his public duties

careful nursing if he was not to be disabled

prosecute them. Remember La Fontaine's saving: 'Selon que vous screz paissant on miserable les judges de la cour vous rendront blan ou noir.' ['According as you are powerful or miserable the judges of the court will pronounce you white or black.' Your consciences, jurymen, will dietate to you a expansion," and under-invasion of Tonquin. The vast verdict whereby you will care the impreish able honor of having done justice to an hon-crable man, restored fame to an illustrious took the invasion of Tonquin.

cost and the unsatisfactory issue of this

cost and the unsatisfactory issue of this

he cost and the time fatal to him; he invasion were in due time fatal to him; he was charged with having fallen into a trap name and compensate the country for the prestige lost through the accusation of one laid by Bismarck, with weakening France and with belonging to a syndicate which

her noblest children." Murmurs of applause greeted the close of d. Barboux's address. made money out of his adventures. He was suddenly overthrown by a vote of the Cham-M. Dubit then proceeded to argue in de ber (1884) and was never able to recover his that there was nothing in the evidence to sustain the charge against Fontaine and that he was being made to pay for devotion

cessors to the presidency of the Senate have been hardly mentioned.

He Hated England.

London, March 18.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says of M. Ferry: "He intended to run for the presidency of the republic and was determined

not to take a ministerial portfolio whils there was a chance for the presidency. H

was averse to the alliance with Russia and

CAUSED A SENSATION.

Ferry's Sudden Death and Its Influence on

Politics-More of de Reinach's Boodle.

Copurishted 1893 by James Gardon Bennett 1

Cable—Special to The Bee.]—M. Jules

Ferry, but recently elected president of the

His death has made a great sensation in

the world of politics. He was one of these

upon whom the people counted in the event-

of the republic changing its constitutional

form. He was a candidate for the pres-

idency without success, and it was the im-

pression of the public that he would be

again in the future elections. His death is

not yet generally known. M. Ferry was

Fresh discoveries have been made from de

Reinach's papers which prove that the late

baron gave 12,000,000 francs to Herz. In this

amount is included the sum of 50,000 francs

given to Crispi in March, 1891, in considera-

tion of his conferring upon Herz the grand

cordon of the Order of St. Maurice and St.

ELOQUENCE OF M. BARBOUX.

He Closes His Argument in Defense of

Charles de Lesseps.

Pauls, March 17. - M. Barboux, counsel for

Tharles de Lessepa, continued his argument

JACQUES ST. CERE.

very unpopular.

Senate, died suddenly this evening.

Pants, March 17.- New York Herald

Mme. Ferry said in an interview with a to his chief, M. de Lesseps. reporter this evening: For the last two weeks M. Ferry had complained of difficulty in breathing. He would start up in the Home Rule for Norway. CHRISTIANA, March 17.-The legislature night occasionally, gasping and choking. Several times he left the table and hurried has passed the resolution asserting the right to a window to get fresh air. His sleep was much broken and his general health suffered in consequence. He thowed an unusual lack of energy and an aversion to going out, except when his official duties called him. I almost forced him to abroad and complete autonomy at home in all matters not described in the act of union 1814 as pertaining to the union of Norway and Sweden. The resolution is somewhat more radical than the similar one which was passed last June, and which resulted drive for a little while every pleas-ant morning and evening. In the last few days he seemed to recover somewhat ultimatery in the resignation of Prime Min-ister Steen after King Oscar had refused to his former energy and spirits, although his difficulty in breathing was increasing and sanction the action of the deputies. 2 repetition of the cabinet crisis and the dead

#### ck of last summer between king and parliament is evident. MINNESOTA'S COAL COMBINE.

Existence of Such an Organization. St. Paul, Minn., March 17.-The latest derelopments in the coal combine sensation tend to confirm the investigation committee

He went to bed at .o o'clock. Before midnight he woke with a chill. He fell asleep again, but rested uneasily, finally awakening in another chill more severe than the first one. I sent for the doctor at once. He arin their belief in the existence of such a combine In accordance with the orders of con.mittee, Sergeant-at-Arms Stout today turned over to Sheriff Chapell all the rived at 1 o'clock and immediately gave M Ferry injections of morphine and ether. He books and papers, except one letter book, which is believed to contain conclusive evialso applied cupping glasses. This treatment was continued until 5 o'clock, when M. Ferry felt relieved and fell into a sound dence of conspiracy Later a warrant was served on the ser-

Ferry felt relieved and fell into a sound sleep. He slept well until 9 o'clock. Other physicians were then summoned for a consultation. As M. Ferry wished to get up they did not insist upon his remaining in bed, although they forbade him to leave the bedroom and his study, which adjoins it. He was partly dressed at 9:30 and we helped him to his study arm chair. He remained in it for an geant-at-arms, citing him to appear before Judge Egan tomorrow on a charge of contempt of court in not handing over all the books as ordered. Mr. Walsh of the joint committee has secured a batch of original letters giving further details of the com-bine's organization and methods of work, and the committee was a we them under consideration today. sturdy arm chair. He remained in it for an hour in a condition of such extreme prostraconsideration today.

The letters apparently prove conclusively that a great combine exists; that it requires all wholesale dealers to pay to John J. Rhodes \$1,000 before going into business; that all retail dealers must pay \$100 to the same gen-tion an before going into business and that the supply of coal is absolutely cut off from all persons who attempt to sell it without authority from the bureau.

authority from the bureau.

In one letter, said to be written by Rhodes, S. H. Wilson of Minneapolls is informed that he had better furnish no more coal to W. Estess, a retail dealer, until Mr. Estess has paid his subscription. In another letter the Lehigh Coal and Iron company is told it must make W. Petran of Minneapolis subscribe or shut off his supply of coal. Other letters of a similar nature were found.

Senator Donnelly, chairman of the legislative committee, received a letter from one

lative committee, received a letter fro of the Pennsylvania coal barons today threatening to see that Minnesota gets no hard coal for 1890-1 if the investigation is

GOLD FROM CANADA.

New York Banks Receiving Supplies from

Across the Border. New York, March 17.-The tightness of the local money market, it was learned today, is attracting gold from across the Canadian border.

An inquiry at many of the banks today

elicited the fact that they have been receiving lots of from \$50,000 to \$100,000 in eagles and double eagles, besides the national currency, from Canada, The Third National bank gave \$100,000 to the subtreasury thus week and says it has an increase in supply. Other banks that have not received any gold direct have been accumulating it through the agency of their customers. It

cen received from Montreal. to his duties in the Senate. The general feeling is that although his election to the Senate was contrary to the wishes of M. Carnot and M. Ribot, his death is

## a serious loss to the government. In the case of another cabinet crisis, he, in his offi-cial capacity, would have been the first man to whom M. Carnot would have been bound CHASED OUT OF COLOMBIA

to whom M. Carnot would have been bound to turn for advice. It was with such an event in view that M. Ferry's supporters in the Senate compelled his election in the room of M. LeRoyer, who was believed to inck the qualifications necessary for such a part in the next crisis. With M. Carnot as president, M. Ribot as premier, M. Casimir-Perier as president of the Chamber of Deputies and M. Ferry as president of the Senate the opportunists felt that they had four of the strongest men in positions to meet the perilous consequences of the Panama exposure. As yet the names of possible successors to the presidency of the Senate have Ruiz Sandoval, Professional Revolutionist, Shipped from Cuba to New York.

Planning to Aid Pierola to Start a Revols in Peru-Revolutionists in Nicaragua Arrested Government Troops Have Tayarez Penned In.

HE WAS CAUGHT STIRRING UP TROUBLE

Panama, Colombia (via Galveston, Tex.). March 17.- By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE |-Ruiz Saudoval, the professional revolutionist who ought refuge in Colombia after his expulsion from Honduras by General Domingo Vasquez, has now been expelled from this republic. He had sought an asylum in the Venezuelan legation when word was taken to him that he was to be arrested by the Colombian authorities. Sandoval's right of asylum in the Venezuelan legation was apparently not recognized, for he was arrested today and placed on board a steamer which

sails from Colon to New York. Sandoval is more than indignant over his arrest. He made a vicorous protest against the action of the Colombian government and declared that it would cause the discontinuance of diplomatic relations between Colombin and Venezuela. Sandoval claims to have intimate relations with General Crespo, the active president of Venezuela. He claims to have a special mission for General Crespo who, he says, will take notice of his arrest.

Will Receive No Protection.

The Venezuelan authorities say, however, no action will be taken by their government, because Sandoval is not a citizen of Venezuela. Sandoval has been visiting the revolutionary leaders in various Central American countries. He gives out hints that his mission was to sell them arms, which were to be furnished by General Crespo. He was on his way to Tegucigelpa to join Polycarpo Bonilla, the leader of the revolution in Honduras when he was captured and ex-

pelled from the country by General Vasquez. It is believed that Sandoval had made arrangements to meet ex-Dictator Pierola of Peru, who is now in the city as the guest of the Equadorean consul. Pierola is waiting for an opportunity to enter Peru and begin a revolution to again place himself at the head

of that republic. Sandoval, it is said, was ready to make a ontract with Picrola to furnish arms for ase in his proposed revolutionary expedition to Peru.

This is not the first experience Sandoval has had with the Colombian government. was exiled from this republic in, 1885 on ecount of his connection with the Prestan revolution.

Revolutionary Plots Discovered.

Plots of a revolutionary character are reported in a telegram just received from the Herald's correspondent in Monagua, Nicaragua. A leading merchant in Leon was suspected as being one of the leaders of the proposed revolt. His store was searched by government agents, who seized a large quantity of arms and ammunition. The merchant committed suicide in

order to avoid arrest. were found in the merchant's store which implicated Colonel Saenz, exmilitary governor of Leon, Augustin Duarte, ex-secretary of state, and Colonel Anastacio Ortiz in the revolutionary scheme. Duarte and Ortiz were arrested and thrown into prison. Saenz's house was searched and several cartloads of arms were found and seized. Saenz and other leaders received a warning of the exposure of their plans and are now in hiding. There is great excite-

ment in Leon and Managua. The fire of revolution is smoldering and it

is feared the flame will soon appear.

PENNED IN NOW. Federalists in Lio Grande do Sul Arc Where They Will Have to Fight.

[Copyrt thted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.] VALPARAISO, Chili, (via Galveston, Tex.), March 17 .- By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to The Bee.]-Exciting news may be expected at any moment from Rio Grande do Sul. Brazil. The Herald's correspondent at Arizas telegraphs that the vanguard of troops sent by the general government in Rio de Janeiro to reinforce the Casttinista army has reached the vicinity of Santa Anna. These troops are under command of General Tellos. They attacked the position held by General Tavarez, commander of the federal army, which has been besieging Santa Anna, but that general avoided a battle, because he is short of troops and ammunition. It is evident, however, that a battle will be fought tomorrow, because Generals Guarney and Isadora are massing the government troops around Santa Anna, and Tavarez will not be able to avoid a fight, although he will have

to battle with a force much larger than The Herald's correspondent in Catamaro, Argentina, telegraphs that Chief of Police Diaz, who is the leader of the discontented element, has demanded the resignation of Covernor Ferara. The governor declined to resign and Diaz is organizing his followers and preparing to start a revolution.

A dispatch from the Herald's correspondent in Buenos Ayres says the government of Argentina has resolved to destroy \$1,000,000 each month in order to reduce the circulation of paper notes. It has also approved the treaty with Chili on the boundary question. Admiral Victorica, secretary of the navy, refuses to resign or to push the inquiry into the cause of the wrecking of the war ship Resales. The admiral's son was declared by the court martial that investigated the mat-

ter to have been in part responsible for the MINITERS PORTER'S CLOSE CALL

Dynamite Bemb Exploded in His Residence at Rome Yesterday Morning. opyrighted 1893 by James Gordon Bennett.

Rous, March 17 .- New York Herald Cable Special to THE BEE |-At 6 this morning bomb was exploded at the Palazzio Antici Mattei, the first floor of which is occupied by United States Minister Porter, One stone stalecase was wrecked and others were damaged, together with statues and works of art. Minister Porter and his family were asleep. Naturally they had a great fright.

It is certain the outrage was not directed against the minister. It was probably for engeance on the proprietor or the work of anarchists. An attempt of the same sort was made last year on the same place. There

Minister Porter called later at the foreign office and assured the minister he felt that no intention to injure him or affect the United States government existed. In turn he was assured of the regret the Italian govs ernment felt at the occurrence.